Course title: Teaching for Growth mindset in higher education

Course duration: 40 hours of face-to face training and 50 hours of self-directed online learning

	LEARNING OUTCOMES: On completion of this course, the participants will be able to			
	Knowledge and understanding	Skills and competences	Content (Module outline)	Teaching methods and activities
Module 1: Mindset theory and Mindset in Higher education	 define the concept of mindset describe theoretical differences between growth and fixed mindset explain how and why teacher's mindset effects teacher's practices explain how and why students' mindset effects students' academic motivation and achievement make connections between their previous teaching experiences and their mindset 	 recognize thoughts and behaviors, related to fixed or growth mindset in oneself and in their students recognize and develop characteristics of the class climate that support growth mindset reflect on their own beliefs regarding the nature of abilities, importance of effort and perseverance, meaning of failures, attitudes towards mistakes become self-aware of own mindset about different abilities 	Mindset Theory - Mindset - Fixed and Growth mindset - Academic motivation and academic achievements - Common misconceptions about mindset Mindset and higher education - Teachers' mindsets (intelligence, creativity, math skills, teaching abilities) - Higher education students' mindset (development, behavior) Mindset and higher education teaching - Elements of teaching, relevant for GM - GM-supportive class environment (challenging, disciplined, nurturing)	 lecture group discussions work in groups multimedia quizzes self-assessment



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Module 2: The nature of Brains, intelligence	 understand the continuing processes of maturation of brains after the birth know the concept of the neuroplasticity understand the strucutre of psychometric intelligence and how it is measured know different types and models of intelligence understand the role of experiences, learning, education and environment in the development of the brain and intellectual abilities recognize the intelligence as only one of the predictors of the academic success understand how human memory works 	 provide basic information regarding the neuroplasticity to students critically think about the role of genetics and environment for intelligence development reflect on their understanding on intelligence as a (non)malleable characteristics 	Brain's development after the birth: the processes of maturation and learning - Brain maturation - Role of experiences for brain development Brain plasticity - Definition - 3 types of neuroplasticity Intelligence: - Definition - One, two or more of them? (psychometrical and broader models of intelligence) - How malleable is intelligence really? Academic achievement: intelligence and other predictors Memory and learning - Relationship between memory and learning - Encoding, storage and retrieval - A multi-store model of memory by Atkinson and Shiffrin (1975)	 Lecture group discussions work in groups multimedia quizzes self-assessment



	LEARNING OUTCOMES: On completion of this course, the participants will be able to			
	Knowledge and understanding	Skills and competences	Content (Module outline)	Teaching methods and activities
Module 3: Growth Mindset Language	 raise awareness how they reflect their mindset through their everyday language patterns understand the difference between labelling students and focusing on learning process recognize how educators' expectations shape students' motivation, effort and mindset understand the role of positive self- talk in developing growth mindset recognize different forms of feedback in relation to mindset 	 use language patterns which supports the growth mindset of students frame mistakes, failures, effort, and learning strategies into growth mindset framework practice process-oriented feedback remind students about the connection between growth mindset and learning success encourage students with examples of positive self- talk 	 growth mindset language patterns from labelling to learning process communicating high expectations to all students growth mindset feedback growth mindset framing positive self-talk brain growth conversation in teaching practice 	Lecture, discussion, multimedia, quizzes, self-assessment, group activities, peer coaching.



	LEARNING OUTCOMES: On completion of this course, the participants will be able to			
	Knowledge and understanding	Skills and competences	Content (Module outline)	Teaching methods and activities
Module 4: Growth Mindset Tasks	 recognize which tasks support a growth mindset of students understand what exactly benefits students' growth mindset in specific tasks understand the role of mistakes, deliberate practice, challenges, desirable difficulty, choice, learning goals, step-by-step learning, and multiple exposure in relation to growth mindset 	 design learning activities which support growth mindset of students analyze learning activities and tasks for students from the perspective of growth mindset use growth mindset elements in planning learning activities and tasks for students 	 designing learning activities and tasks to support growth mindset of students elements of growth mindset in learning activities and tasks for students: mistakes, deliberate practice, challenges, desirable difficulty, choice, learning goals, step-by-step learning, and multiple exposure examples of tasks, which supports growth mindset 	Lecture, discussion, multimedia, quizzes, self-assessment, group activities, peer coaching.





	LEARNING OUTCOMES: On completion of this co	urse, the participants will be able to]	
	Knowledge and understanding	Skills and competences	Content (Module outline)	Teaching methods and activities
Module 5: Growth Mindset Assessment	 recall different forms of assessment and their functions know which forms and methods of assessment better support growth mindset and learning understand the role of intrinsic and extrinsic motivators for growth mindset 	 use assessment methods that support growth mindset and learning process (e.g. formative assessment, self-testing etc.) support students overcoming the fear of failing and guessing during learning provide intrinsic additionally to extrinsic rewards form growth-mindset oriented feedback, praises and criticism set high goals and standards and stay persistent in evaluating them 	Forms of assessment - Diagnostic, formative and summative assessment - Formative assessment Assessment and academic motivation - Internal and external motivation - Self-determination theory Assessment for growth mindset - Focusing on process: questions during teaching, diagnostic feedback - Intrinsic rewards: self- testing, mock exams, choice of assessment, setting and sticking to high standards Extrinsic rewards/punishments: grades, praises and critics	Lecture, discussion, group activities multimedia, self-assessment



	LEARNING OUTCOMES: On completion of this course, the participants will be able to			
	Knowledge and understanding	Skills and competences	Content (Module outline)	Teaching methods and
				activities
Module 6:	 understands how to adequately 	 Support students in making 	Student's reflection:	Lecture,
Growth Mindset	measure progress	connections between	 Struggling experiences 	discussion,
Reflection	 know about learning strategies 	mindset and perceiving the	 Monitoring progress in goal 	storytelling
		struggle and efforts during	acquisition	group activities
		learning	 Student's learning process 	multimedia,
		 support students to 	Teacher's reflection:	
		monitor their progress	- Challenges in implementing	
		 guide students to reflect on 	GM in the teaching practice	
		their learning process (e.g.	 Individual action plan 	
		use of learning strategies,		
		motivation etc.)		



